

Find each limit algebraically

$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 3}{x - 9}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \tan x \cos x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 3)}{(x - 9)} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{x} + 3)}{(\sqrt{x} + 3)} = \frac{x - 9}{\cancel{x\sqrt{x} + 3x - 9\sqrt{x} - 27}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + 3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$1) \quad \frac{\sqrt{x} - 3}{x - 9}$$

$$\frac{(\cancel{\sqrt{x} - 3})}{(\sqrt{x} + 3)(\cancel{\sqrt{x} - 3})}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + 3}$$

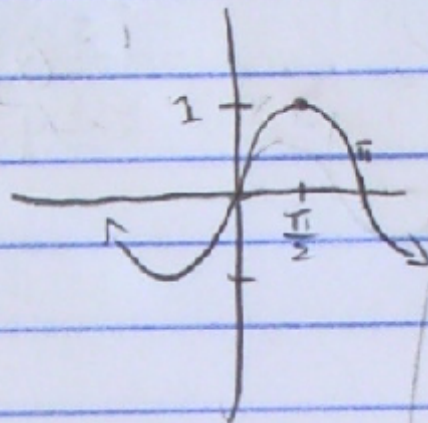
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{9} + 3}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}$$

2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \tan x \cos x$        $\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x$$

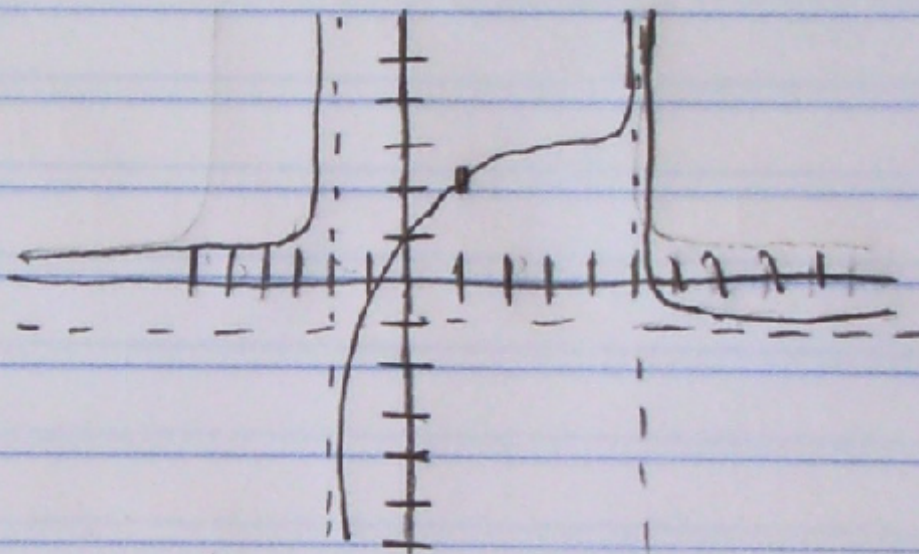


$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \tan x \cos x = 1$$



$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} f(x) = 2$     •     $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} f(x) = \infty$     •     $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} f(x) = \infty$   
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -1$     •     $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x) = -\infty$     •     $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x) = \infty$   
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$



$$y = e^x - 2x$$

as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  end behavior  $e^x$   
right hand behavior

as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$   $\frac{1}{e^x} + \underline{\underline{2x}}$  left hand  
end behavior  $2x$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $0$

$$e^x + \cancel{2x} - \cancel{5x} + \cancel{14}$$

$$x \rightarrow \infty \quad e^x$$

$$x \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$\frac{1}{\cancel{e^x}} + \textcircled{2x^2} - \cancel{5x} + \cancel{14}$$

$$e^{-2} = \frac{1}{e^2}$$

$$\log x$$

$$x$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x^2 \\ x^3 \\ x^4 \\ \vdots \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^x \\ 4^x \\ 5^x \end{array} \right.$$

$$(30) \quad f(x) = \frac{1-x}{2x^2-5x-3} \Rightarrow \frac{1-x}{(2x+1)(x-3)} \quad \text{V.A.} = -\frac{1}{2}, 3$$

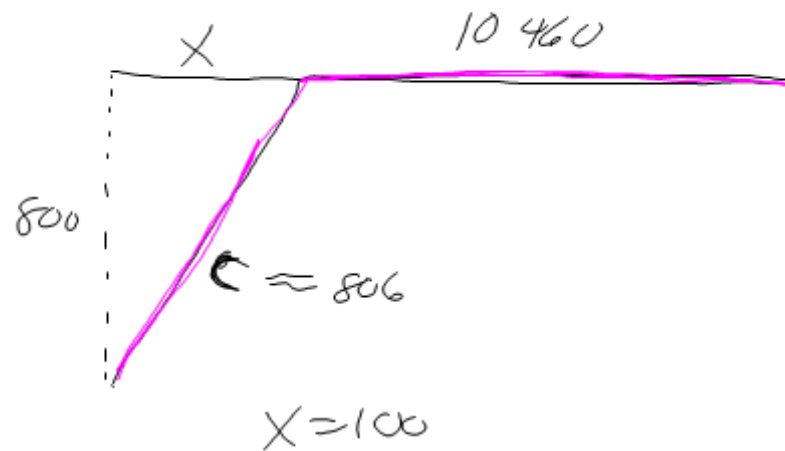
$$\text{H.A.} = y=0$$

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part (c) what  $x$  will minimize the cost?

$$C(x) = 100(10560 - x) + 180(\sqrt{x^2 + 800^2})$$



$$c^2 = 800^2 + x^2$$

$$180 \cdot 806 + 100 \cdot 10460 = \underline{\neq}$$